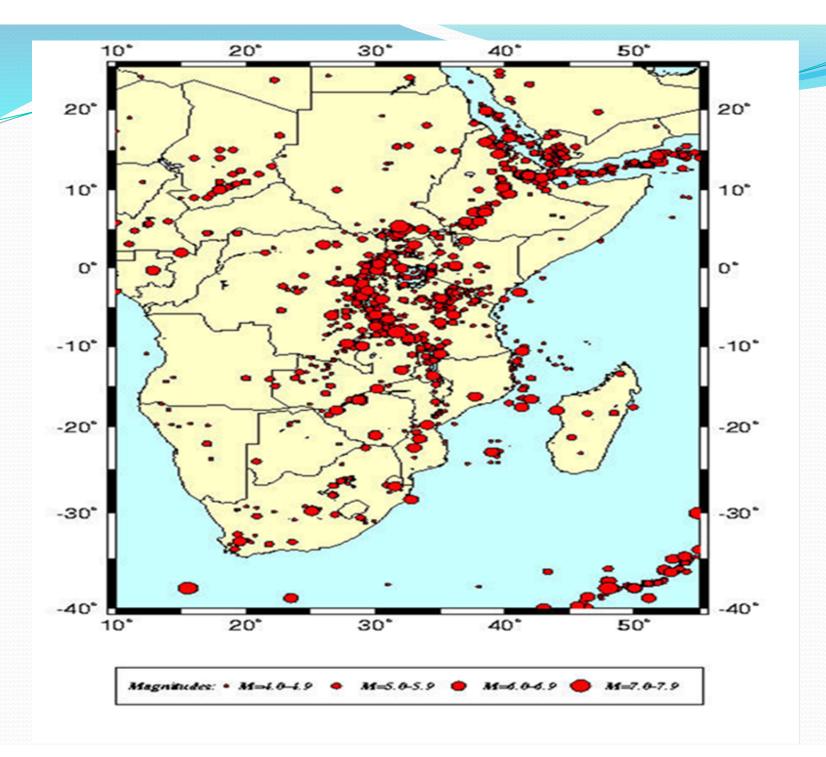
SEISMIC NETWORKING IN MALAWI

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INTRODUCTION

• Malawi lies on the western flank of the East African Rift System, (EARS), between Latitudes; -9° and -17° East, Longitudes; 32° and 36° south. The Rift forms one of the active zones on Earth, this is characterized by numerous Earthquakes within the region. The tectonic map (Fig.1) shows the Geological features/characteristics of Malawi and the rift system, which extends from Rukwa,toLake Malawi to the Ulema graben in Mozambique.



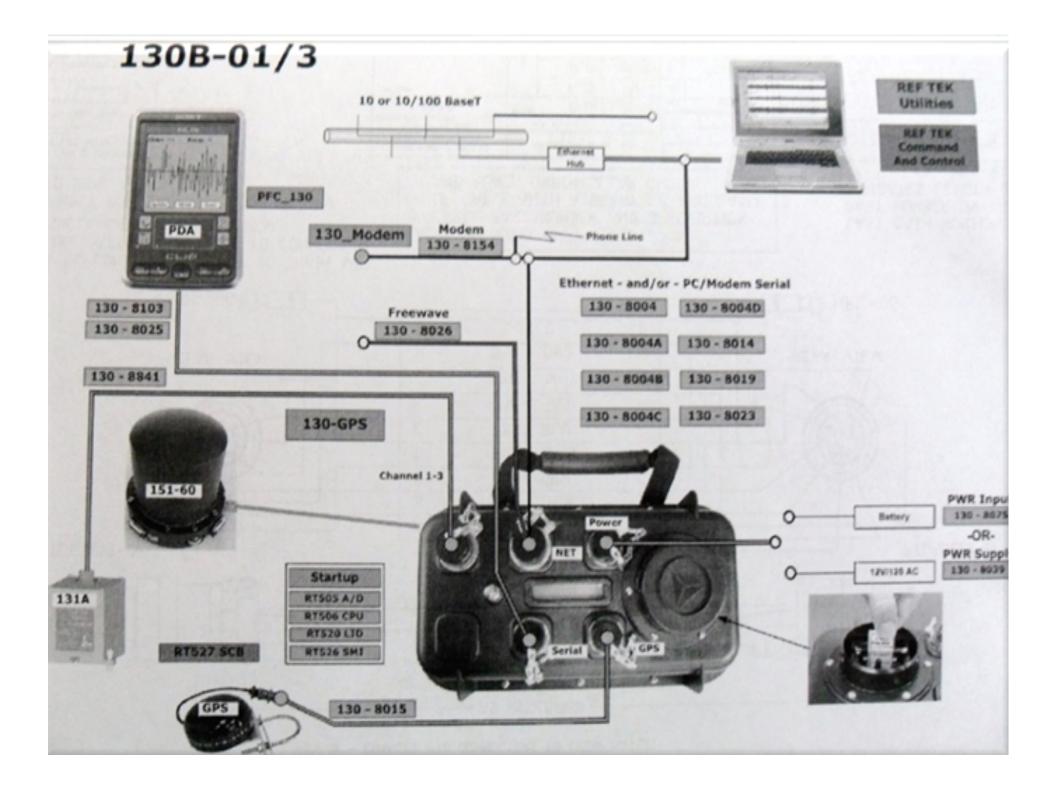
In Malawi we have 11 seismic stations:

- Kalonga (KARM)
- Rumphi (VWZM)
- Mzuzu (MZM)
- Lilongwe (LILM)
- Mchinji (MCHMW)
- Nkhota-kota (KKAMW)
- Malindi (MALM)
- Chileka (CLK)
- Bangula (BANGI)
- Neno (NENMW)
- Zomba (ZOMB)
- 3 of this are Africa Array stations



Equipment's

- We are currently using the equipment from Reftek and we mainly use compass and SEISAN software .
- Below is the figure showing a complete set of equipment in one station.



means of collecting Data

- Data is collected manually from seismic stations and is transferred to data centers where all the analysis is done.
- Currently the only data which is shared is the one obtained from Africa array GPRS stations.
- It is our vision to make all the data available to the seismology community in near future.

CHALLEGES

- Lack of adequate training to both technical staff and support staff to allow them to discharge their duties more efficiently.
- Lack of adequate equipment.
- Economical problems .-Though Malawi is currently working on its economic recovery, we are currently facing economic problems that directly affect the operation of seismic stations.

Recommendations

I there for recommend to well wishers and Institutions to provide as with.

- 1. Seismological Instruments.
- Long term trainings /scholarships .
- 3. Include Malawi in seismological programs.

THANK YOU VERY MARCH